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APPLICATION NO.	FILI	NG DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/630,080	07/30/2003		Adam G. Hanes	1449/5	8470
25297	7590	03/01/2005		EXAM	INER
JENKINS &		J, PA	PETERSON, KENNETH E		
3100 TOWER SUITE 1400	BLVD		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
DURHAM, N	IC 27707		3724		

DATE MAILED: 03/01/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/630,080	HANES ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Kenneth E Peterson	3724				
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with t	he correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a r - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stat Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply eply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30 od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS ute, cause the application to become ABANI 	be timely filed O) days will be considered timely. From the mailing date of this communication. DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14	February 2005.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-5,8,9,12-14,16,23,25,27 and 30 is 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withden 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-5,8,9,12-14,16,23,25,27 and 30 is 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration. s/are rejected.	•				
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the		•				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a life.	ents have been received. ents have been received in Application of the control of	ication No ceived in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) 2) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 8jan04. 		mal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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1. Applicant election of claims 1-5,8,9,12-14,16,23,25,27 and 30 is noted. Applicant has cancelled all non-elected claims.

2. Claims 5,8,12-14 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 5, the term "hollow sleeve member" has no basis in the specification, and thus it is not clear what is being referred to.

In claim 8, the term "the sleeve" has no proper antecedent basis in the claims or specification, and thus it is not clear what is being referred to.

In claim 12, the phrase "for rotatably driving a cutting element" is an intended use statement, thus the "cutting element" is considered to be not positively claimed.

However, later in claim 12 is the phrase "first outer wall circumscribes at least a portion of the cutting element", which may lead some to believe that the "cutting element" is positively claimed. Currently it is not clear whether or not the "cutting element" is positively claimed or merely an intended use. Note that claim 1 only refers to a cutter in intended use statements, and thus it is clear that the cutter is not part of the claimed invention. Also note claim 23, which does positively claim a cutter.

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

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(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

- 4. Claims 1,2,5,12-14,16,23,25,27 and 30 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Byrne '126, who shows a head assembly having a 1st lateral wall (e.g. 35 or 16 or 48 or 55), a 1st transverse shield wall (e.g. 20 or 34 etc.), a 2nd lateral wall (7) having an annular gap filed by a hollow sleeve member or adaptor member (10), a shaft (2) and a cutter (6) having an annular rim (5).
- 5. Claims 1,2,5,8,12-14,16,23,25,27 and 30 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Schlessmann '934, who shows a head assembly having a 1st lateral wall (e.g. 13), a 1st transverse shield wall (e.g. 19), a 2nd lateral wall (e.g. 46) having an annular gap filed by a hollow sleeve member or adaptor member (e.g. 17), a coaxial adaptor wall (18), a shaft (e.g. 15) and a cutter (23) having an annular rim (22).
- 6. Claims 1,2,5,8,12-14,16,23,25,27 and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Lill '165, who shows a head assembly having a 1st lateral wall (e.g. 43), a 1st transverse shield wall (39), a 2nd lateral wall (vertical sidewalls of 12) having an annular gap filed by a hollow sleeve member or adaptor member (21 or 22,22), a coaxial adaptor wall (23 or 24), a shaft (e.g. 15 or 16) and a cutter (28) having an annular rim (19).
- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

8. Claims 1-5,8,9,12-14,16,23,25,27 and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lill '165.

Lill, as set forth above, shows most of the recited limitations.

In regards to claim 3, Lill's 1st and 2nd lateral walls are attached to the same transverse shield wall (39) instead of being attached to two integral transverse shield walls. However, there is no structural difference between a single transverse shield walls and two transverse shield walls that are integral with one another. The courts have long ruled that "the unity or diversity of parts would depend more on the choice of the manufacturer, and the convenience and availability of the machines and tools.....than on any inventive concept". See In re Lockhart, 90 USPQ 214.

Furthermore, Examiner takes Official Notice that it is well known to employ one or two parts in situations such as this. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have employed two integral transverse shield walls on Lill, instead of just one transverse shield wall, since the courts have ruled this to be obvious and because it is an old equivalent known for the same purpose.

In regards to claims 4 and 9, the bearings 22,22 have a hollow cylindrical portion, a first annular adaptor plate (bottom of 22) and presumably a second annular adaptor plate (top of 22). Since the second annular adaptor plate is not explicitly drawn, Examiner takes Official Notice that it is well known to have such annular adaptor plates

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at the lateral ends of bushing for the purpose of preventing axial sliding. An example of this is the bottom annular adaptor plate on Lill's 22. If it wasn't there already, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have added a top annular adaptor plate to Lill's adaptor 22 for the purpose of preventing axial sliding.

9. Made of record but not relied on are patents showing pertinent shaft shields.

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ken Peterson at 571-272-4512, on Monday-Thursday, 7AM-5PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Allan Shoap, can be reached at 571-272-4514. In lieu of mailing, it is encouraged that papers be faxed to 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov or call the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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February 23, 2005

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